Effective Crisis Leadership—Transforming Ourselves and Our Organizations for Success

Dr. Attila J. Hertelendy



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Learning Objectives

- Assess their own individual and organizational readiness to lead during a polycrisis event.
- Review how one's organization meets Joint Commission standards for emergency preparedness.

Agenda

- Why do we need to discuss climate driven extreme weather events?
- Understanding the importance of training, and preparedness as a ROI
- Prepare yourself and your organization to be more resilient to crisis
- Analyze the new risks to hospitals with FEMA's reorganization

What Have We Learned Since the beginning of the Pandemic?

- The world has changed.
- Many assumptions have been challenged i.e.. The notion of preparedness is weakly supported



Harvard Business Review

Finance And Investing

Preparing Hospitals for the Next Pandemic

by Regina Herzlinger and Barak Richman

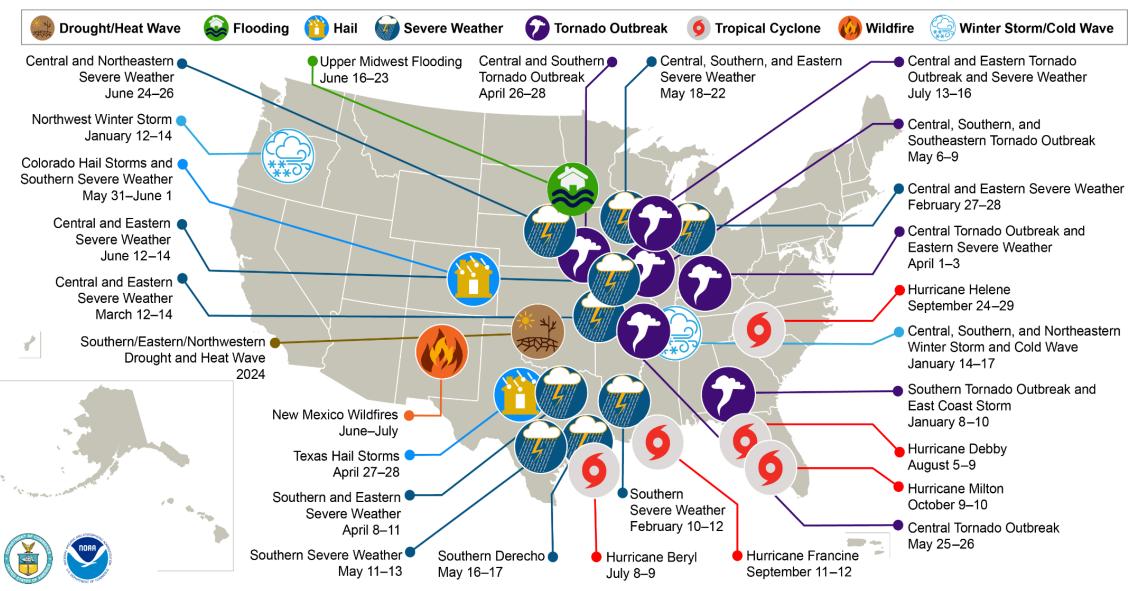
June 10, 2021



Alessandro Dahan/Getty Images

Summary. The Covid-19 epidemic response has shown that the U.S. is blessed with heroic physicians and other health care providers, researchers, and facilities. But it has also revealed a health care system that was woefully unprepared for the surge of pandemic patients. In... more

U.S. 2024 Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters



This map denotes the approximate location for each of the 27 separate billion-dollar weather and climate disasters that impacted the United States in 2024.

Close to Home-Palm Beach, Florida







Wildfires & Extreme Heat

The Latest Maps: Track U.S. Fires Maps: Air Quality and Smoke California's Wildfire Season Health Effects of Smoke Traveling Safely

Canada Evacuates Jasper National Park as Wildfires Burn in Alberta

Large blazes in the province have led to the evacuation of thousands of people.









A wildfire on Saturday in British Columbia, which borders Alberta. Jesse Winter/Reuters

By Qasim Nauman

July 23, 2024 Updated 7:36 a.m. ET

Wildfire smoke smothers Edmonton's skies, extreme weather response activated



Town Famous for Royal and Hollywood Guests Is Ravaged by Wildfires

Fast-moving fires have destroyed a third of the buildings in the picturesque town of Jasper, Alberta, and its national park. But the mayor hopes to rebuild.

The New Hork Times



THE LANCET Planetary Health



Summary

Introduction

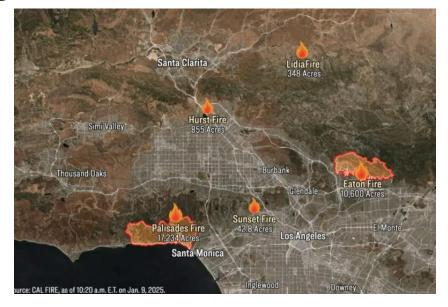
Overview of the effects of wildfires on health

Existing frameworks

Summary

Increased frequency, intensity, and duration of wildfires are intensifying exposure to direct and smoke-relate areas, leading to evacuation and smoke-related effects on health and health systems that can affect regions thousands of kilometres. Effective preparation and response are currently hampered by inadequate training disciplines, insufficient finance, and inadequate coordination between health systems and governance at m national, and international levels. This Review highlights the key health and health systems considerations I wildfires, and outlines how a health system should respond to optimise population health outcomes now ar focus is on the implications of wildfires for air quality, mental health, and emergency management, with ele policy and finance also addressed. We discuss commonalities of existing climate-resilient health care and di

LA County Wildfires 2025











Emergency Alert

NEW: This is an emergency message from the Los Angeles County Fire Department. An EVACUATION WARNING has been issued in your area. Remain vigilant of any threats and be ready to evacuate. Gather loved ones, pets, and supplies. Continue to monitor local weather, news, and the webpage alertla.org for more information.

LA County Wildfire - Reccomendations



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Health-care system adaptability during wildfire disasters: crucial insights from LA County

Attila J Hertelendy ^{a,b,c} ☒ · Jeremy Maggin ^{d,e} · Gregory R Ciottone ^{b,c}

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The increasing frequency and severity of environmental disasters necessitate robust health-care system adaptation strategies. Recent wildfire events in and around Los Angeles County, CA, USA, are reported to be the most destructive in regional history, burning more than 50000 acres, destroying over 15000 structures, and resulting in 29 fatalities, as of Feb 4, 2025. 1,2 We used critical observations and recommendations derived from this experience to examine institutional resilience and response mechanisms within a complex metropolitan health-care network.³

Our analysis revealed innovative approaches to resource deployment, particularly in the implementation of mobile health-care vehicles as adaptable clinical platforms. These units, traditionally supporting routine ambulatory care, showed remarkable operational flexibility in crisis scenarios.³ Furthermore, the successful establishment of comprehensive 24 h medical services at the Pasadena Convention Center—encompassing physician assessments, nursing care, pharmacy services, and mental health support -exemplifies the potential of flexible resource allocation models.

Article metrics

Metric data currently unavailable

Tools for Hospitals – Hurricane Preparedness

THE LANCET Regional Health Americas

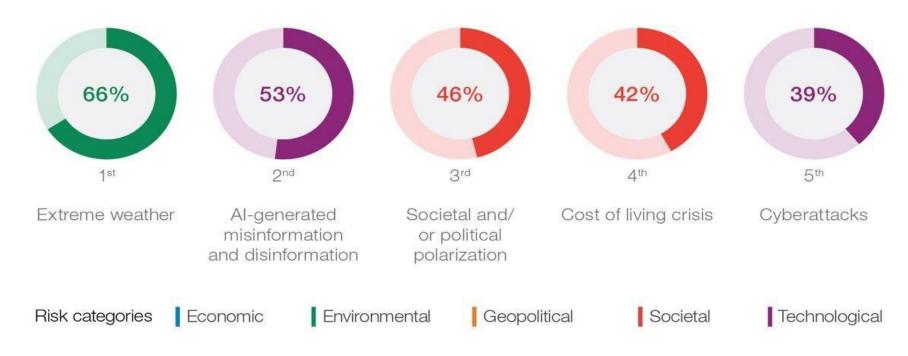
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Current risk landscape



"Please select up to five risks that you believe are most likely to present a material crisis on a global scale in 2024."



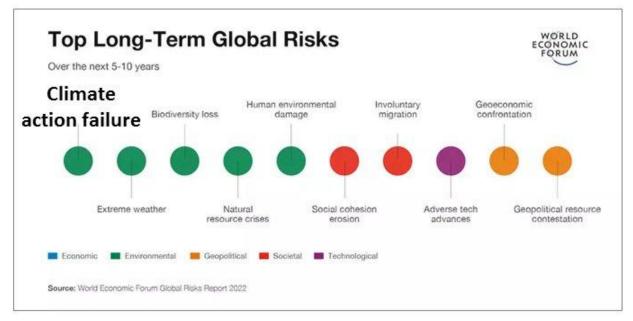
Source: World Economic Forum Global Risks Perception Survey 2023-2024.

The Global Risks Report 2022 17th Edition

January 2022

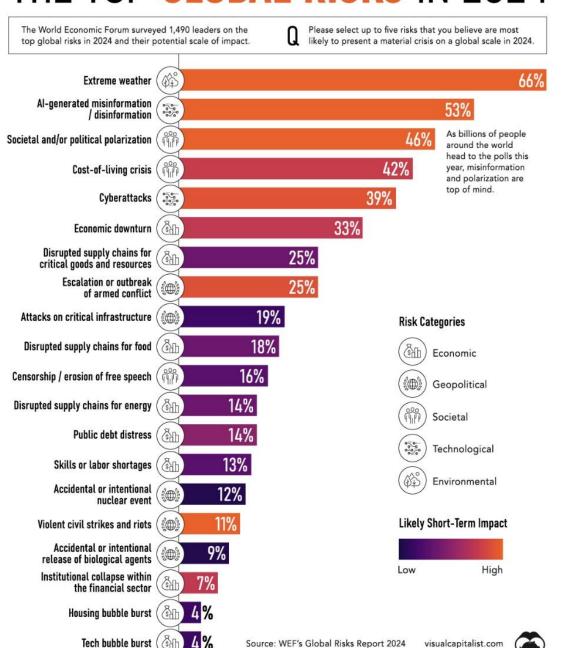


CLIMATE ACTION FAILURE is the top global risk to the world over the next 5-10 years failure, and it is also THE MOST SEVERE RISK





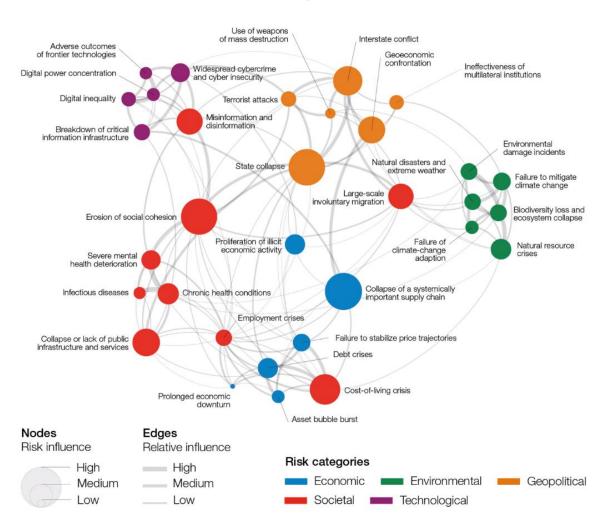
THE TOP GLOBAL RISKS IN 2024





Global risks landscape: an interconnections map





Source: World Economic Forum, Global Risks Perception Survey 2022-2023

Top 10 risks



"Please estimate the likely impact (severity) of the following risks over a 2-year and 10-year period."



Source: World Economic Forum Global Risks Perception Survey 2023-2024.

These are the most urgent health challenges to tackle in 2020

Based on a list of urgent global health challenges created by WHO. 2020



- 1. Elevating health in the climate debate
- 2. Delivering health in conflict and crisis
- 3. Making healthcare fairer
- 4. Expanding access to medicines
- 5. Stopping infectious diseases
- 6. Preparing for epidemics
- 7. Protecting people from dangeorous products
- 8. Investing in the people who defend our health
- 9. Keeping adolescents safe
- 10. Earning public trust

Source: World Health Organization





Are we Effectively Preparing Healthcare Leaders for Crisis?



A new core competency for healthcare administrators: Discussing the need for emergency and disaster management education in the graduate healthcare administration curriculum. Hertelendy et al. 2021

Table 1. CAHME Accredited Programs

Degree	Number of P	rograms	Programs with
		EDM Elec	tive
MHA	67	13 (19.4%)
MS, MSHA	16	1 (6.3%)	
MBA	13	2 (15.4%)	
MPH	5	1 (20.0%)	
MPA	2	1 (50.0%)	
Total	103	18 (17.5%)

Healthcare Administration Students Identify the Need for Training

- In our survey of 43 healthcare admin students currently employed by a hospital 38.9% reported workplace-provided emergency preparedness training.
- Nearly all, 96.3%, believed that their education should address EDM.

Emergency and Disaster Management Needs to Be Taught as a Core Competency

- Increasing number and range of crisis events, disaster and emergency has become a growing responsibility of healthcare administration
- Among CAHME accredited graduate healthcare administration programs only one university requires a course in emergency and disaster management.



What ahout MRA programs?

The International Journal of Management Education 19 (2021) 100534



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

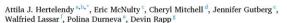
The International Journal of Management Education





Teaching Resource

Crisis leadership: The new imperative for MBA curricula



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ARTICLEINFO

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ABSTRACT

Given the increasing frequency of and high risk inherent in crises, Masters of Business Administration (MBA) should include crisis leadership as part of their core program offerings. This study aims to explore if leadership courses are taught as either a core or elective course in Advance Collegiate Schools of Business (AACSB) accredited MBA programs, and if any of these programs each crisis leadership courses specifically. Based on a web-based search of AACSB schools of fering MBA programs, crisis leadership is minimally represented across MBA programs, with 3.2% of business schools examined including a crisis leadership course as part of their curricula. Leadership courses are more commonly included as part of MBA programs curricula, with 64.8% of business schools offering these courses. These leadership courses could set a foundation for MBA programs to begin embedding crisis leadership content specifically into their core curricula.

1. Introduction

The COVID-19 crisis has brought to light the underlying faults and failures in many societal systems that had up until the pandemic been taken for granted. One critical assumption that has been rapidly overturned since the start of the pandemic is that organizational leaders are, and will be, prepared to navigate and manage a crisis. Across large-scale institutions and organizations, the crisis response by leaders in North America in particular has been sub-optimal, if not entirely absent (Kristoff, 2020; The Editors, 2020). This pandemic has revealed substantive deficiencies in leadership. While many solutions need to be considered assure that leaders are better prepared to deal with inevitable future crises, effective crisis leadership stems from a strong foundation in the form of crisis leadership education. To this end, this paper proposes that business schools, and Masters of Business Administration (MBA) programs in particular, have an essential role in preparing current and future leaders for the unique challenges of leading and managing through a crisis. Moreover, it is proposed that crisis leadership education is needed prior to the crisis. This manuscript explores the role of MBA programs as the potential evhelic to build crisis leadership competencies as part of the core curriculum.

The need for crisis leadership has been steadily increasing as scholars and practitioners alike contend with a volatile, uncertain,

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Crisis leadership courses







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Changing our Approach to Crisis – Why?

• We need to stop applying 20th century solutions to 21st century problems (Hertelendy, et al. 2021).



We are in a "Permacrisis"

"The European Region is in a "Permacrisis" that stretches well beyond the pandemic, climate change and war"

- Dr Hans Henri P. Kluge, WHO Regional Director for Europe



So Why is this Important?

- Healthcare providers are experiencing burnout
- Workforce shortages
- Lack of institutional memory
- Disaster fatigue

New Realities Requiring us to Pivot Quickly

Crisis since 2020 require the ability to:

Concurrently lead through multiple emergencies occurring at the same time, while The public expects the health care system to provide the same level of service and quality.





POLICY ANALYSIS

Mitigating the Twin Threats of Climate-Driven Atlantic Hurricanes and COVID-19 Transmission

James M. Shultz, PhD, MS O: James P. Kossin, PhD, Attila Hertelendy, PhD: Fredrick Burkle, Jr., MD, MPH, DTM, FAAP, FACEP O: Craig Fugate, LLC: Ronald Sherman, MS; Johnna Bakalar, MPH; Kim Berg, MD: Alessandra Maggioni, BPH; Zelde Espinel, MD, MA, MPH; Duane E, Sands, MD, FACS; Regina C, LaRocque, MD, MPH; Renee N, Salas, MD, MPH, MS: Sandro Galea, MD, DrPH

BSTRACT

The co-occurrence of the 2020 Atlantic hurricane season and the ongoing coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic creates complex dilemmas for protecting populations from these intersecting threats. Climate change is likely contributing to stronger, wetter, slower-moving, and more dangerous hurricanes. Climate-driven hazards underscore the imperative for timely warning, evacuation, and sheltering of storm-threatened populations – proven life-saving protective measures that gather evacuees together inside durable, enclosed spaces when a hurricane approaches. Meanwhile, the rapid acquisition of scientific knowledge regarding how COVID-19 preads has guided mass anti-contagion strategies, including lockdowns, sheltering at home, physical distancing, donning personal protective equipment, conscientious handwashing, and hygiene practices. These life-saving strategies, credited with preventing millions of COVID-19 cases, separate and move people apart. Enforcement coupled with fear of contracting COVID-19 have motivated high levels of adherence to these stringent regulations. How will populations react when warned to shelter from an oncoming Atlantic hurricane while COVID-19 is actively circulating in the community? Emergency managers, health care providers, and public health preparedness professionals must create viable solutions to confront these potential scenarios: elevated rates of hurricane-related injury and mortality among persons who refuse to evacuate due to fear of COVID-19, and the resurgence of COVID-19 cases among hurricane evacuees who shelter together.

Key Words: climate change, climate drivers, COVID-19, evacuation, hurricane, mitigation, pandemic, sheltering

INTRODUCTION

In 2020, the converging threats of climate-driven hurricanes and active coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) transmission vastly complicate the process of preparing coastal and island-based populations for seasonal hurricane risks. Response is impeded by fundamental incompatibilities between the most effective population protection strategies for each of these hazards. The proven pillars of hurricane mitigation - evacuation and sheltering - bring people together, transporting them in groups and shielding them inside fortified structures.145 Strategies introduced to slow the spread of COVID-19 - physical distancing, quarantine, self-isolation, and conscientious hygiene intentionally keep people apart. 6-10 In search of workable solutions for protecting populations, despite conflicting approaches, we examine (1) how climate change nay be making Atlantic hurricanes more dangerous (2) how COVID-19's ease of transmissibility complicates

hurricane preparedness; (3) how evacuation and sheltering procedures may spread COVID-19; and (4) how communities can creatively manage concurrent hurricane and pandemic threats in 2020, when there is no COVID-19 vaccine.

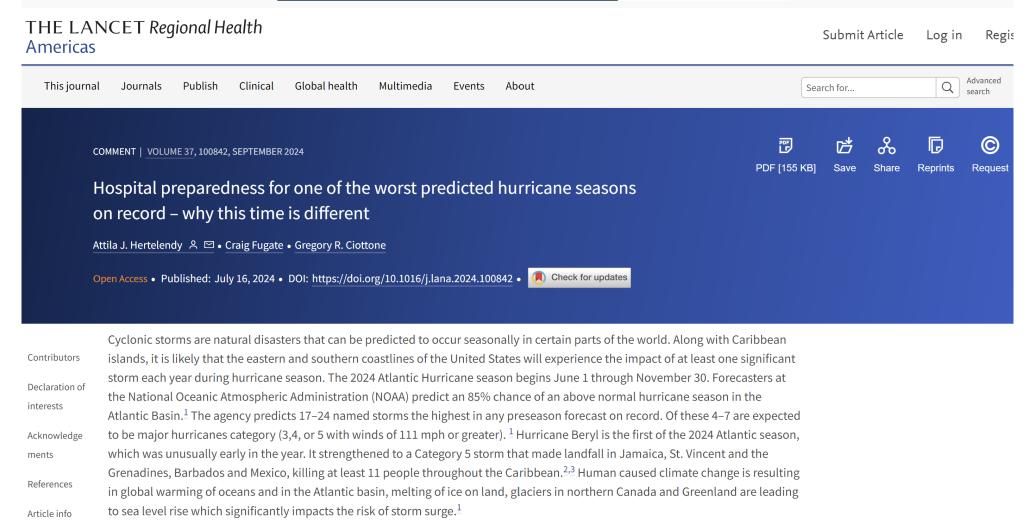
Climate Change Is Likely Making Atlantic Hurricanes More Hazardous to Population Health

There is mounting evidence that climate change is making hurricanes more hazardous while rendering island and coastal communities more vulnerable. ^{11,25} Recent hurricane seasons have showcased how climate change is likely contributing to stronger, wetter, and slower-moving Atlantic storms as they come onshore over populated areas. ^{13,26} Hurricane Dorian's devastation of the northwest Bahamas in 2019 provides a compelling example of this trifecta of storm characteristics. ^{31,22} Now, in 2020, climate scientists

Disaster Medicine and Public Health Preparedness

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Hurricanes and Cyber Attacks



Defining the Need for Integrated Teams Across Professions

- Collaboration does not automatically occur but rather must be constructed, learned and importantly once established protected.
- Cannot be successfully forced on the participants or achieved in a short period (Wilson et al. 2011).



Consequences of Cooneration Failures

 The Cross Disciplinary understanding of what and how public health crisis translate into operational cooperation before, during, and after an event is paramount.



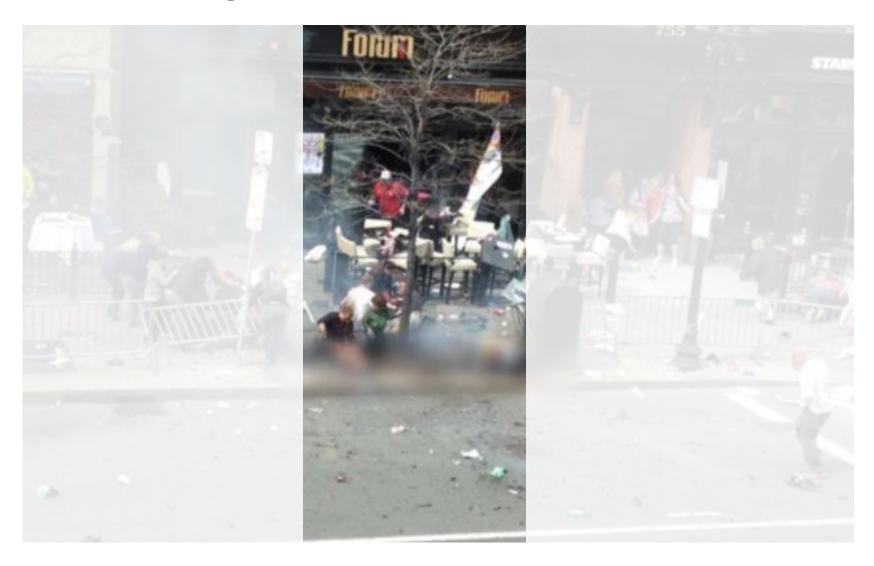
What is your C-Suite's Role in a Crisis?

- The Chief Executive Officer sets the example for the rest of the team.
 - If they engage during exercises and training in the hospital's disaster plan, most will follow.
 - Ask this question of your senior management team, Do they know their role in your hospital's disaster plan?

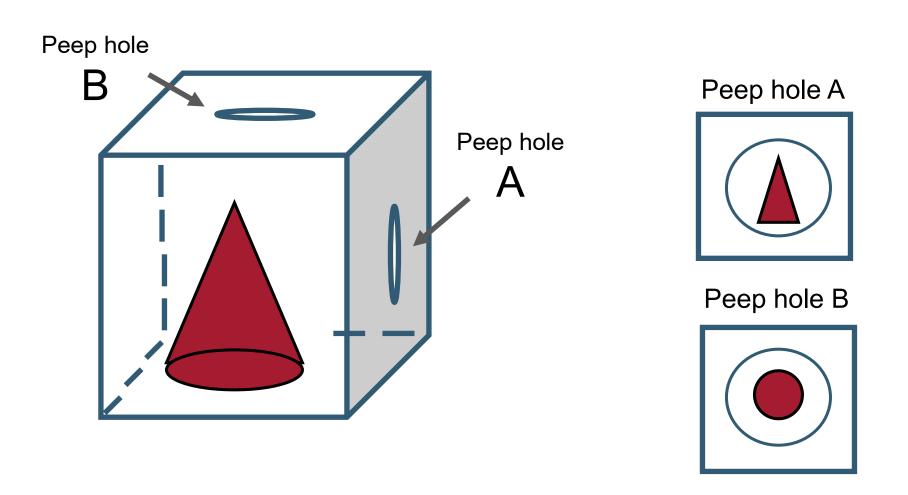
In a Crisis: Unity of Effort and Speed of Execution



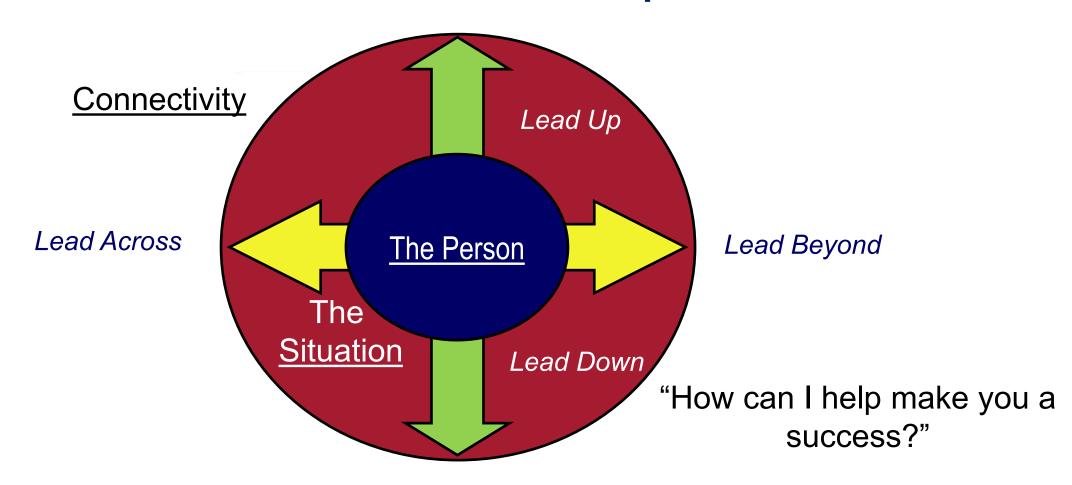
Scope of the Situation



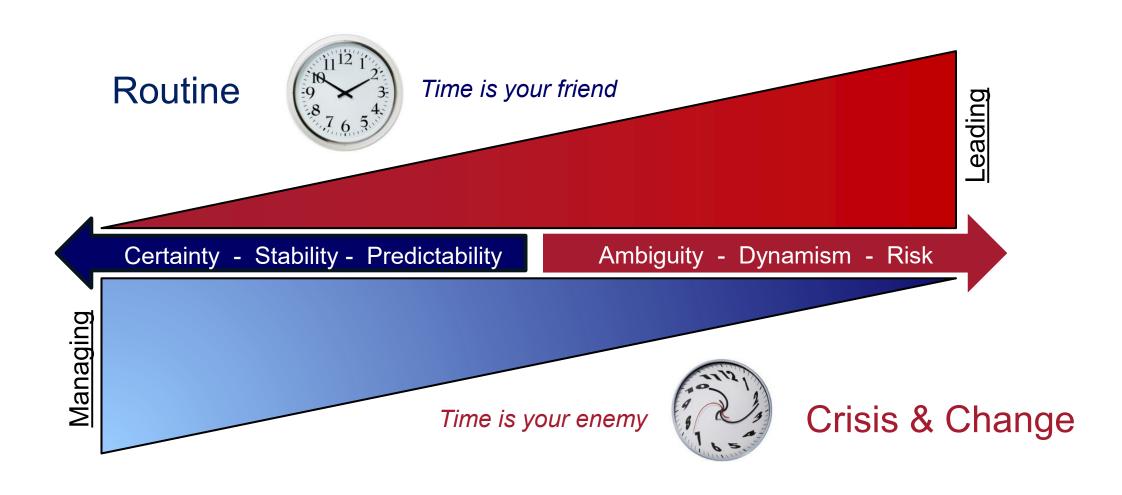
Situational Insight: The Paradox Of The Cube



The Thinking and Practice of Meta-Leadership



The Leading-Managing Continuum



Crisis Management vs. Crisis Leadership

- Crises are complex and evolve over time
- Requires executives to both lead and manage effectively
- Addressing the urgent needs of the present is <u>MANAGING</u>
- Requires immediate choices, allocation of resources, rapid and decisive action

Crisis Leadership

- By contrast, <u>LEADING</u> involves:
 - Bringing people into an uncertain future with hope and confidence
 - Guiding the organization to the best possible outcome over arcs of time
 - Anticipating what is likely to come next (and next and next), and readying to meet it
 - Shifting from transactions to transformation

What Research Tells Us



- Observation over two decades of executives in high-stakes and highpressure situations
- Crisis are most often OVER-MANAGED and UNDER-LED.

Emergency Management

Why Emergency Management?

- Organizations build systems to manage emergencies around existing Department's and Functions
- Disasters exceed the capabilities of these systems and the ability to manage these events.
- Hospital Departments and External Players (Suppliers) that normally don't work together in emergencies often must work together to solve problems in disasters

Pitfalls of Hospital Emergency Management

- Treat the emergency management program as a compliance requirement
- Plan for what you can respond to and exercise to success
- Think your emergency response system can scale up from emergency response to disasters
- Plan for impacts to your facilities, but don't plan your staff, suppliers, and the community

What is the Future Goal? Prevent an Outbreak From Becoming a Pandemic

- Early Detection
- Containment
- Verification
- Alert
- Response
 - NPIs
 - Hospital Capacity
- Eradication
 - Vaccines, Therapeutics



Future Pre-Pandemic Actions: The World Needs To Do Better!

- Prevention
 - Decreasing the likelihood of an outbreak occurrence: PUBLIC EDUCATION, PERSONAL HYGEINE
- Mitigation
 - Decreasing the extent of spread in the event of an outbreak: CONTAINMENT, QUARANTINE, MASKS
- Hospital Preparedness
 - Developing resources, expertise and operational plans for the response to an outbreak: SUPPLY CHAIN, STOCKPILING PPE, ALTERNATE CARE SITES, and......FINANCIAL CONTINGENCY PLANNING TRAINING, TRAINING and MORE TRAINING!



WE ARE NOT PREPARED FOR THE NEXT ONE



Public Health

Volume 225, December 2023, Pages 251-253



Guest Editorial

We are not prepared for the next pandemic: why learning from the COVID-19 pandemic is vital

Access through your organization

Emerging Threats



n

Bird Flu Is Raising Red Flags Among Health Officials

H5N1 is a dynamic virus that poses an increasing threat in terms of spillover and pandemic potential.

Published **January 14, 2025**By Public Health On Call

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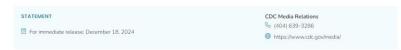


Launching a Vaccine Trial
During an Ebola Outbreak

H5N1 – Bird Flu



CDC Confirms First Severe Case of H5N1 Bird Flu in the United States



December 18, 2024-- A patient has been hospitalized with a severe case of avian influenza A(H5N1) virus ("H5N1 bird flu") infection in Louisiana. This marks the first instance of severe illness linked to the virus in the United States. The case was confirmed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) on Friday, December 13. Since April 2024, there have been a total of 61 reported human cases of H5 bird flu reported in the United States.

Partial viral genome data of the H5N1 avian influenza virus that infected the patient in Louisiana indicates that the virus belongs to the D1.1 genotype related to other D1.1 viruses recently detected in wild birds and poultry in the United States and in recent human cases in British Columbia, Canada, and Washington state. This H5N1 bird flu genotype is different than the B3.13 genotype detected in dairy cows, sporadic human cases in multiple states, and some poultry outbreaks in the United States. Additional genomic sequencing and efforts to isolate virus from clinical specimens from the patient in Louisiana are underway at CDC.





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HEADLINES

APPLY

Bird Flu Is Raising Red Flags Among Health Officials

H5N1 is a dynamic virus that poses an increasing threat in terms of spillover and pandemic potential.

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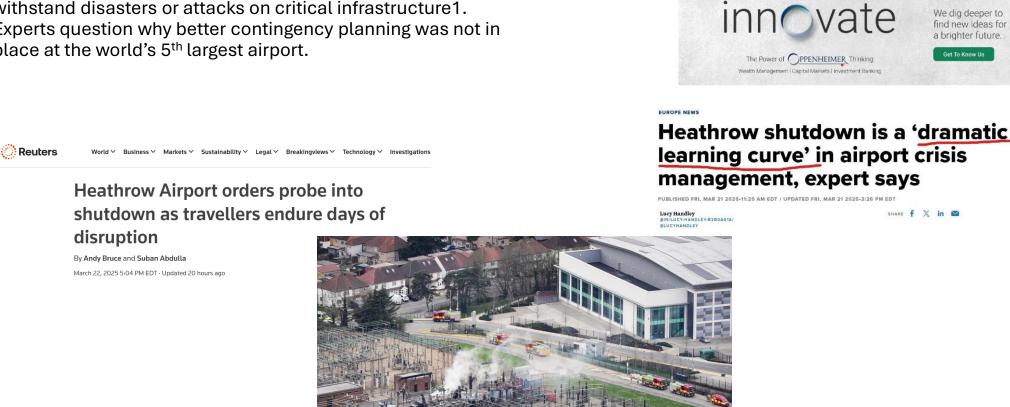


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Think about the BIG PICTURE

The recent shutdown of Heathrow Airport due to an electrical substation fire has raised concerns about the U.K.'s ability to withstand disasters or attacks on critical infrastructure1. Experts question why better contingency planning was not in place at the world's 5th largest airport.



CNBC

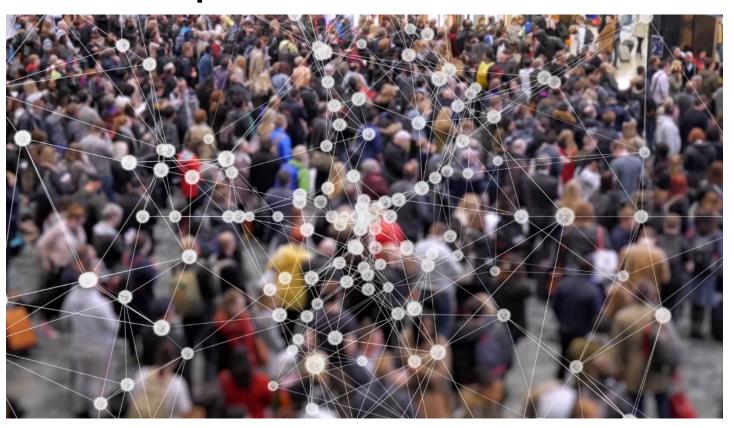
MARKETS BUSINESS INVESTING TECH POLITICS VIDEO INVESTING CLUB

What FEMA – Reorg Means for your Hospital

- Top 3 Changes
- House floor vote → Senate → President
- 1. FEMA becomes an independent, cabinet-level agency (no longer under DHS).
- 2. Disaster survivors get one unified application and faster funding (120-day deadline).
- 3. Sliding federal cost-share (65–85%) to reward mitigation and preparedness.
- Key Provisions- FEMA independence: cabinet-level agency with its own Inspector General, no longer under DHS.- Public Assistance grants: upfront, engineer-certified, replacing long reimbursement process.- Sliding cost-share: 65–85%, tied to community mitigation and preparedness.- Permanent home repair authority, beyond temporary housing aid.- Single unified disaster assistance application for survivors.- 120-day obligation deadline for FEMA to move funds.- Expanded contracting authority: FEMA can approve larger contracts without DHS.- Recovery Task Force to close out long-pending disaster declarations.- Increased transparency: centralized public website tracking disaster spending.- Prohibits political bias in aid distribution.- Permitting and procurement aligned with other federal grant processes.- Codifies simplified debris removal and publishes best practices.- Restructured pre-disaster mitigation: formula-based grants (40% equal, 20% risk, 20%
- population/income).- Preapproved mitigation plans for faster implementation.- Flexibility for building code updates and resilience retrofit pilots.
- Why It Matters- Cuts red tape and accelerates recovery.- Empowers states and locals in decision-making.- Rewards proactive investment in mitigation.- Provides permanent housing solutions.- Holds FEMA accountable to outcomes rather than paperwork.- Enhances fairness, transparency, and non-partisans
- Insurance RISK to Hospitals SIGNIFICANT!

Self-Reflection: The Nightmare Scenario Would Threaten Us As A Species

- A Novel Virus with:
 - R0 of Measles or Mumps
 - Low k factor like Covid
 - CFR of Ebola or Rabies



WE MUST GET IT RIGHT NEXT TIME!

Questions?

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- @drhertelendy





Please fill out the evaluation



Dr. Attila J. Hertelendy

- Dr. Hertelendy has over 30 years of leadership experience in emergency and disaster management including the development, implementation and evaluation of public health emergency plans. He has worked as a hospital administrator and executive in Saudi Arabia, UAE, Canada and the USA with responsibilities that included the oversight of emergency and disaster management for the Saudi Arabian National Guard Hospitals and the American Hospital in Dubai. Dr. Hertelendy's consultations have involved pandemic planning and response efforts related to H5N1, SARS, MERS and COVID 19 and Crisis Leadership training and development for executives.
- Dr. Hertelendy is the Director of Research and a faculty member at Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center, Department of Emergency Medicine, Harvard Medical School.
- Dr. Hertelendy is also an award-winning business professor at Florida International University in Miami, Florida in the department of Information Systems and Business Analytics where he teaches Management of Healthcare Operations, Healthcare Finance and Reimbursement and Organizational Behavior & Leadership in the Executive MBA Program. Dr. Hertelendy is also an adjunct Professor at Georgetown University where he teaches Public Health and Disaster Management in the international Executive Master's in Emergency Management program.
- Dr. Hertelendy is the author of over 140 published articles, in prestigious journals such as *Harvard Business Review*, JAMA, *The Lancet*, *The Lancet Planetary Health*. as well as the *Journal of Healthcare Management*, numerous book chapters. He is the Deputy Editor for the *Journal of Emergency Management*, Co-Editor in Chief for *International Journal of Emergency Services*, Deputy Editor for *Disaster Medicine and Public Health Preparedness* and is on the editorial board for the *Journal of Climate Change and Health*
- He is a frequent international keynote speaker on leadership, crisis and emergency management, global health security and climate change. He has developed and validated over 100 plans, conducted and evaluated numerous disaster exercises, and facilitated over 150 seminars and workshops ranging in topics from leadership, crisis management, incident command training and business continuity planning worldwide for over 50 clients in healthcare. Dr. Hertelendy is the Founder and CEO of Great White Emergency Management Solutions a management consulting company focused on providing strategic and innovative solutions to complex problems in enterprise risk management, healthcare, emergency and disaster management and business continuity planning.
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